ON THE COLOUR OF PEPPER

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El autor aporta nuevos materiales en apoyo de su tesis defendida en *Habis* 20 (1989) respecto a *Lithica* 721.

Some further material is furnished in order to explain the mss. reading in *Lithica* 721, in addition to what the author wrote in *Habis* 20 (1989).

The following material will be, I hope, found useful by the reader in addition to what I wrote in *Habis* 20 (1989), 62, in order to explain the mss. reading χρυσογίτωνα in *Lithica* 721.

As is clear from RE, s.v. Pfeffer, 1423, 40 ff., Pliny (N.H. 12.28) knows two varieties of pepper, album and nigrum; the same is the case with Dioscorides, who $(Mat. Med. II, \S 159)$ is acquainted with these two varieties (μέλαν and λευκόν). On the other hand (RE, art. cit., 1423, 40 ff.). Theophrastus knows two varieties of pepper, which he calls μέλαν and ὑπέρυθρον. The colour ὑπέρυθρον (RE, art. cit., 1421, 47 ff.) is "keineswegs eindeutig auf den schwarzen Pfeffer"; in the phrase κέλυφος ... ὑπέρυθρον the word κέλυφος denotes the "Schale" (RE, art. cit., 1421, 60) and corresponds exactly to the Hinterglied χίτωνα in the compound χρυσοχίτωνα as used in Lithica 721. Orpheus, in Lithica 721, alludes to pepper in its two varieties mentioned by Theophrastus: one of these varieties was

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μέλαν (= μελαγχροίην, Lith. 721), whilst the other had a red "Schale" (κέλυφος ... ὑπέρυθρον = χρυσοχίτωνα, Lith. 721, "with a red shell").

In sum: the epithet χρυσοχίτωνα, in *Lithica* 721, is perfectly sound, whether it refers to the "skin" or to the "shell" of the kind of pepper Orpheus has in mind.